

# Franklin International

## Safety Data Sheet

### Titebond Roof Cement

#### Section 1. Identification

**GHS product identifier** : Titebond Roof Cement  
**Physical state** : Liquid.  
**Address** : Franklin International  
2020 Bruck Street  
Columbus OH 43207  
**Contact person** : Franklin Technical Services  
**Telephone** : (800) 877-4583  
**In case of emergency** : Franklin Security  
(614) 445-1300  
**e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS** : SDS@FranklinInternational.com  
**Product code** : 3211  
**Date of revision** : 2/16/2026  
**Safety Data Sheets are available online at** : www.FranklinInternational.com  
**Chemtrec (24 Hour)** : (800) 424 - 9300  
**Chemtrec International** : +1 703-741-5970  
**Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

#### Identified uses

☑ Cements.

#### Uses advised against

Not applicable.

#### Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS status** : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).  
**Classification of the substance or mixture** : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3  
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2  
GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1B  
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

#### GHS label elements

##### Hazard pictograms



##### Signal word

: Danger

## Section 2. Hazards identification

- Hazard statements** : Flammable liquid and vapor.  
Causes skin irritation.  
May cause genetic defects.  
May cause cancer.  
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- Precautionary statements**
- Prevention** :  Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.
- Response** : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
- Storage** :  Store locked up.
- Disposal** : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
- Hazards not otherwise classified** : None known.
- Hazards identified when used** :  No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

- Substance/mixture** : Mixture
- Other means of identification** : Not available.

Ingredient name	Synonyms	%	Identifiers
Asphalt, oxidized	Asphalt, petroleum, oxidized; Blown asphalt; Asphalt, oxidized, fume condensates; BITUMENS, OXIDIZED; Asphalt oxide; bitumen; asphalt; OXIDIZED ASPHALT; OxiAsph; Hydrocarbons and their oxides, Sulphur, Nitrogen; Oxidised Asphalt	≥30 - ≤60	CAS: 64742-93-4
Stoddard solvent	Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified; Low aromatic hydrocarbon solvents - medium flashpoint.; Spotting naphtha; Petroleum solvent; Mineral spirits; Dry cleaning safety solvent; Petroleum distillates; White spirits; Stoddard solvent.; White Spirit	≥15 - ≤40	CAS: 8052-41-3
trimethylbenzene	Benzene, trimethyl-; Trimethylbenzene (mixed isomers); Methylxylene; Benzene, trimethyl (isomers); Trimethylbenzenes; 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene; pseudocumene; Trialkyl(C1-4) benzene; Tri-or	≥0.1 - ≤1	CAS: 25551-13-7

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

cumene	tetramethylbenzene; Trimethylbenzene (all isomers); C9 aromatic hydrocarbon fraction  Benzene, (1-methylethyl)-; Isopropylbenzene; 2-Phenyl propane; Cumol; 1-methylethylbenzene; Cumene (I); Benzene, (1-methylethyl)- (I); Benzene, 1-methylethyl-; isopropylbenzol; (1-methyl/ethyl) benzene; (1-Methylethyl)benzene	≥0.1 - ≤1	CAS: 98-82-8
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Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

**There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.**

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : This product may irritate eyes upon contact.
- Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation.
- Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
 pain or irritation  
 watering  
 redness
- Inhalation** : No specific data.

## Section 4. First aid measures

- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness
- Ingestion** : No specific data.
- Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary**
- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.
- Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : No specific data.
- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Asphalt, oxidized  Stoddard solvent	<p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2025) [Asphalt fumes] A4.</b> TWA 8 hours: 0.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (as benzene soluble aerosol). Form: Inhalable fraction.</p> <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020)</b> TWA 10 hours: 350 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. CEIL 15 minutes: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</p> <p><b>CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 1/2025)</b> TWA 8 hours: 525 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)</b> TWA 8 hours: 500 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 2900 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989)</b></p>

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

trimethylbenzene	<p>TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 525 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2025)</b> TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 525 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. <b>CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 1/2025)</b> <b>[trimethylbenzene, all isomers]</b> TWA 8 hours: 125 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm. <b>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989)</b> <b>[Trimethyl benzene]</b> TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 125 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2025)</b> <b>[trimethyl benzene, isomers]</b> TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm.</p>
cumene	<p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020)</b> Absorbed through skin. TWA 10 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 10 hours: 245 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. <b>CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 1/2025)</b> Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 245 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. <b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)</b> Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 245 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. <b>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989)</b> Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 245 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2025) A3.</b> TWA 8 hours: 5 ppm.</p>

### Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

**Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Skin protection

- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid. [Paste.]
- Color** : Black.
- Odor** : Solvent(s)
- Odor threshold** : Not available.
- pH** : Not applicable.
- Melting point/freezing point** : Not available.
- Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range** : >148.89°C (>300°F)
- Flash point** : Closed cup: 40.556°C (105°F) [Tagliabue]
- Evaporation rate** : Not available.
- Flammability** : Not available.
- Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit** : Not available.
- VOC (less water, less exempt solvents)** : 300 g/l
- Vapor pressure** :

Ingredient name	Vapor Pressure at 20°C			Vapor pressure at 50°C		
	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
Stoddard solvent	0.75006 to 10.50085	0.1 to 1.4				

- Relative vapor density** : Not available.
- Relative density** : Not available.
- Density** : >1 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Solubility(ies)** :

Media	Result
cold water	Not soluble
hot water	Not soluble

**Solubility in water** : Not available.

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : Not applicable.

**Auto-ignition temperature** :

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Stoddard solvent	230 to 240	446 to 464	

**Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

**Viscosity** : Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.  
Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.  
Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): Not available.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** : In use, may form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

**Incompatible materials** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:  
oxidizing materials

**Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

##### **Product/ingredient name**

Trimethylbenzene

cumene

##### **Result**

**Rat - Oral - LD50**

8970 mg/kg

**Rat - Oral - LD50**

1400 mg/kg

Toxic effects: Gastrointestinal - Gastritis

**Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor**

39000 mg/m<sup>3</sup> [4 hours]

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

##### **Product/ingredient name**

##### **Result**

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Trimethylbenzene

**Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant**

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

cumene

**Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant**

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 10 mg

**Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant**

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg

### Conclusion/Summary [Product]

: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

#### Product/ingredient name

Stoddard solvent

#### Result

**Human - Eyes - Mild irritant**

Amount/concentration applied: 100 ppm

**Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant**

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

trimethylbenzene

**Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant**

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

cumene

**Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant**

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

**Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant**

Amount/concentration applied: 86 mg

### Conclusion/Summary [Product]

: This product may irritate eyes upon contact.

### Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Not available.

### Conclusion/Summary [Product]

: High vapor concentrations can cause headaches, dizziness, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness. Inhalation of dust will produce irritation.

### Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not available.

### Skin

#### Conclusion/Summary [Product]

: Not available.

### Respiratory

#### Conclusion/Summary [Product]

: Not available.

### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not available.

### Conclusion/Summary [Product]

: Not available.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

### Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Titebond Roof Cement	-	2B	-
Asphalt, oxidized	-	2A	-
cumene	-	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

#### **Product/ingredient name**

Titebond Roof Cement

#### **Result**

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

### Information on the likely routes of exposure

Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes.

### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : This product may irritate eyes upon contact.
- Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation.
- Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

#### Short term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Long term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

**General** : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Carcinogenicity** : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

**Mutagenicity** : May cause genetic defects.

**Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Trimethylbenzene	8970	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
cumene	1400	N/A	N/A	39	N/A

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

#### Product/ingredient name

Trimethylbenzene

#### Result

##### Acute - LC50 - Marine water

Crustaceans - Daggerblade grass shrimp - *Palaemon pugio*  
5600 µg/l [48 hours]

Effect: Mortality

cumene

##### Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Fish - Rainbow trout, donaldson trout - *Oncorhynchus mykiss*  
2700 µg/l [96 hours]

Effect: Mortality

##### Acute - EC50 - Marine water

Crustaceans - Brine shrimp - *Artemia sp.* - Nauplii  
Age: 2 to 3

7.4 mg/l [48 hours]

Effect: Intoxication

##### Acute - EC50 - Fresh water

Algae - Green algae - *Raphidocelis subcapitata*

## Section 12. Ecological information

2600 µg/l [72 hours]  
Effect: Growth

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

### Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
Stoddard solvent	3.16 to 7.06	-	High
trimethylbenzene	3.4 to 3.8	-	Low
cumene	3.55	35.48	Low

### Mobility in soil

**Soil/Water partition coefficient** : Not available.

### Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.







## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
<b>UN number</b>	UN1133	UN1133	UN1133	UN1133	UN1133	UN1133
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	Adhesives	Adhesives	Adhesives	Adhesives	Adhesives	Adhesives

## Section 14. Transport information

Transport hazard class(es)	3 	3 	3 	3 	3 	3 
Packing group	III	III	III	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.

### Additional information

- DOT Classification** : This product may be re-classified as "Combustible Liquid," unless transported by vessel or aircraft. Non-bulk packages (less than or equal to 119 gal) of combustible liquids are not regulated as hazardous materials.  
**Remarks** Limited quantity
- TDG Classification** : Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3).  
**Remarks** Limited quantity
- Mexico Classification** : **Remarks** Limited quantity
- ADR/RID** : **Tunnel code** (D/E)  
**Remarks** Limited quantity
- IMDG** : **Remarks** Limited quantity

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### U.S. Federal regulations

#### SARA 302/304

#### Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

**SARA 304 RQ** : Not applicable.

#### SARA 311/312

**Classification** : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3  
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2  
GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1B  
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

#### Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Asphalt, oxidized	≥30 - ≤60	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
Stoddard solvent	≥15 - ≤40	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
trimethylbenzene	≥0.1 - ≤1	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
cumene	≥0.1 - ≤1	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	cumene	98-82-8	≥0.1 - ≤1
Supplier notification	cumene	98-82-8	≥0.1 - ≤1

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

### State regulations

- Massachusetts** : The following components are listed: STODDARD SOLVENT
- New York** : None of the components are listed.
- New Jersey** : The following components are listed: ASPHALT, OXIDIZED; STODDARD SOLVENT
- Pennsylvania** : The following components are listed: STODDARD SOLVENT

### California Prop. 65

**⚠ WARNING:** This product can expose you to cumene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to [www.P65Warnings.ca.gov](http://www.P65Warnings.ca.gov).

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
cumene	-	-

### International regulations

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

### Inventory list

- China** : All components are listed or exempted.
- United States TSCA 8(b) inventory** : All components are active or exempted.

## Section 16. Other information

### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3	Expert judgment
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2	Expert judgment
GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1B	Expert judgment
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B	Expert judgment
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1	Expert judgment

### History

**Date of printing** : 2/16/2026

## Section 16. Other information

<b>Date of issue/Date of revision</b>	: 2/16/2026
<b>Date of previous issue</b>	: 3/25/2025
<b>Version</b>	: 1
<b>Key to abbreviations</b>	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations
<b>References</b>	: Not available.

✔ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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